

TREATY OF HUDAIBIYAH

Q1: Explain how the Treaty of Hudaibiyah teaches lessons that are important in today's world.

Pointers for answer development (Optional. You can add your own points as well)

- Peace agreements today prevent wars between countries.
- Patience can solve problems better than fighting.
- Keeping promises builds trust between nations.
- Negotiation is better than violence.

Instructions for Writing Your Answer (10 Marks)

1. Begin with **1–2 sentences explaining what the Treaty of Hudaibiyah was.**
2. For each point, clearly:
 - State the condition or lesson.
 - Explain what happened.
 - Connect it to **today's world.**
3. Use the word **“because”** to show explanation.
4. Do not only describe. You must **explain the importance.**
5. Write in clear paragraphs (at least 3–4 short paragraphs).
6. Avoid copying from the book. Try to write on your own. Add your thoughts and opinions.

MESSAGE OF ISLAM TO KINGS AND EMPERORS

Section A: Knowledge and Recall (10 marks)

(2 marks each – Answer in 1–2 sentences)

1. In which year did the Holy Prophet ﷺ send letters to kings and rulers?
2. Who was sent to Emperor Heraclius?
3. Who was Abu Sufyan at that time?
4. How did Chosros Parvez react to the Prophet's ﷺ letter?
5. Who was sent to Negus, the Emperor of Abyssinia?

Section B: Understanding and Explanation (8 marks)

(Answer in 3–4 sentences each – 4 marks each)

6. Why was Emperor Heraclius impressed after questioning Abu Sufyan? (Mention what was it that impressed Heraclius. Was it what he heard or he heard from? Was it the letter itself? THINK)
7. What happened to Chosros Parvez after he insulted the Prophet ﷺ and tore the letter? Why was this important?

Section C: Structured Response (7 marks)

(Write 8–10 lines in a well-organised paragraph)

8. The rulers responded differently to the message of Islam. Describe how any three rulers reacted to the Prophet's ﷺ message and explain what lesson we learn from their responses.

TRUTHFULNESS

Q1. Short Answer Questions (4 Marks)

1. Explain why truthfulness in Islam is more than just speaking the truth.
2. How does keeping promises show that a person is truthful?

Note: Write your own thoughts, opinions and arguments. You can take help from the book but avoid copying when practicing these questions.

Q2. Application Question (4 Marks)

Ali tells his parents he finished his homework, but he did not. Later he feels guilty and worried.

1. Which part of truthfulness did Ali break?
2. How could he correct his mistake according to Islamic teaching?

Q3. Evidence from the Qur'an (8 Marks each)

1. Why did Allah say in Surah An-Nisa, Ayah 87, "Whose word can be truer than Allah?" Elaborate.
2. Give a scenario-based example on Hazrat Muhammad (May Peace and Blessings of Allah be Upon Him) saying and explain truthfulness according to it. "Speak the truth, even if it goes against your relatives."